

## Questions

1. In what way does Genesis 3:15 point us toward the resurrection of Jesus (cf. Rom 16:20)? Why is the resurrection of Jesus necessary as part of God's eternal plan?
2. What is the significance of Peter speaking of a *living* hope in 1 Peter 1:3? What are other hopes that people may have for an afterlife? On a practical basis, how is your daily life influenced by the hope you have because of the resurrection of Jesus? What difference did it make this past week?
3. How did His resurrection make Jesus to be Lord and Master of all? Why does it matter that He is the judge of all of humanity?
4. What does it mean to be justified? In what way does the resurrection of Jesus cause a believer to be justified? Would there be justification of sinners without His resurrection?
5. Summarize Paul's prayer in Ephesians 1:16-20. What three things was he praying for believers to recognize? Why is it crucial that we have the fullest possible understanding of these truths? How are you seeking to grow in your appreciation of these truths?
6. How does Ephesians 1:19-20 describe God's power? Where was this power most preeminently displayed? Why does this power matter to you right now? For what area(s) do you most need to seek God's power? If you're not fully relying on God's power, what substitutes are you relying on?



This morning we will consider five answers to the question: What does the resurrection of Jesus mean?

The resurrection of Jesus Christ means:

1. **We can believe God (Genesis 3:15; Romans 16:20: 1 Peter 1:20-21)**

**2. We have hope (Job 19:25-27; 1 Peter 1:3)**

**4. We can be justified before God (Romans 4:24-25; 8:33-34; 10:9; 1 Corinthians 15:17)**

**3. Jesus is the judge of all of mankind (Acts 2:36; Romans 14:8-9; 1 Corinthians 15:24-26; Revelation 20:11-12)**

**5. We have unparalleled power for living today (Ephesians 1:16-20)**